

GTEC UPS MODEL:

SHIELD 6 - 10 kVA SERVICE MANUAL

Safety Instruction

This manual contains important information on safe operation of the UPS. Please carefully read this manual prior to operation. Service personnel should understand all the information on warning and operate according to the instruction.

⚠ Marning

Battery is of high hazardous voltage and may cause large short circuit current. The following precautions should be observed before any operations on the battery.

- Wear rubber gloves and boots.
- Remove rings, watches and other metal objects.
- Use tools with insulated handles.
- Do not lay tools or other metal objects on the batteries.
- If the battery is damaged in any way or shows signs of leakage, contact your local representative immediately.
- Do not dispose of batteries in a fire. The batteries may explode.
- Handle, transport and recycle batteries in accordance with local representative.

⚠ Marning

Although the UPS has been designed and manufactured to ensure personal safety, improper use can result in electrical shock or fire. To ensure safety, observe the following precautions:

- Turn off and unplug the UPS before cleaning it.
- Clean the UPS with a dry cloth. Do not use liquid or aerosol cleaners.
- Never block or insert any objects into the ventilation holes or other openings of the UPS
- Do not place the UPS power cord where it might be dangerous.
- Ensure the cable are correctly connected before powering on
- Ensure to place the UPS with enough space for ventilation and access to maintenance
- If there is fire accident, use dry powder extinguisher.

Attention:

In any case when the UPS needs to be operated with cover being removed, please ensure to turn off the input switch, bypass switch and battery switch to completely shut down the UPS. Wait 10 minutes before operation to avoid high voltage of the bus.

contents

1.	Product structure 1 -
	1.1 Outlook1 - 1 -
	1.2 LCD Panel1 -
	1.3 Inner structure -4 -
2.	Topology and System description 6 -
	2.1 Topology 6 -
	2.2 System description ————————————————————————————————————
3.	Trouble Shooting 8 -
4.	Check the broken components 11 -
	4.1 Rectifier failure - 11 -
	4.2 Inverter failure and inverter protection - 12 -
	4.3 Bypass failure 12 -
	4.4 Charger failure and battery issues 13 -
	4.5 Utility abnormal 14 -
	4.6 Bypass voltage abnormal 14 -
	4.7 Output overload or overload time out 14 -

1. Product structure

1.1 Outlook

See user manual

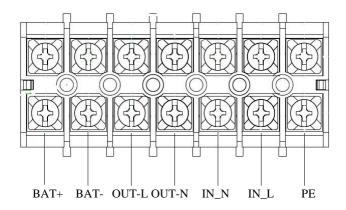


Fig.1-2 connections terminals for 6/10kVA

1.2 LCD Panel

The structure of operator control and display panel for ups is shown in Fig.1-3.

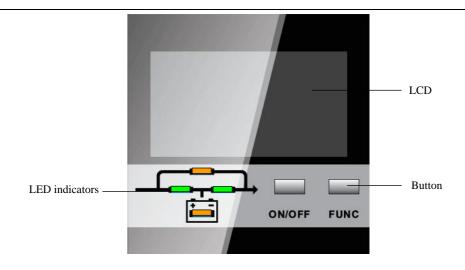


Fig.1-3 Control and display panel for ups

Description of Panel

Controls	Description		
ON/OFF	1.Press ON/OFF to start inverter when rectifier is OK NOTE Not available when UPS is set in automatically start mode 2.Press ON/OFF to shutdown inverter and transfer to bypass 3.Press ON/OFF to shutdown UPS completely when UPS is in battery mode 4.Press ON/OFF to confirm setting when in setting mode		
FUNC	Functional button: 1.Press FUNC to page down to see LCD menu 2.Press FUNC for 2.5s at the page 1 to mute off, press again to mute on 3.Press FUNC and ON/OFF together for 2.5s to enter in setting mode 4.Press FUNC for 2.5s at the page 4 to fault clear		
Indicators Description			
REC	Rectifier indicator: greenrectifier is normal, green flickerrectifier is starting, dark—rectifier is not working		
INV	Inverter indicator: greeninverter is normal, green flickerinverter is starting or tracking with bypass(ECO), dark—inverter is not working		
ВҮР	Bypass indicator: yellow—bypass is normal, yellow flicker—bypass alarm ,dark—UPS is in normal mode and bypass is normal		
BAT	Battery indicator: yellow—battery discharged, yellow flicker—No battery or battery alarm, dark—battery is connected		

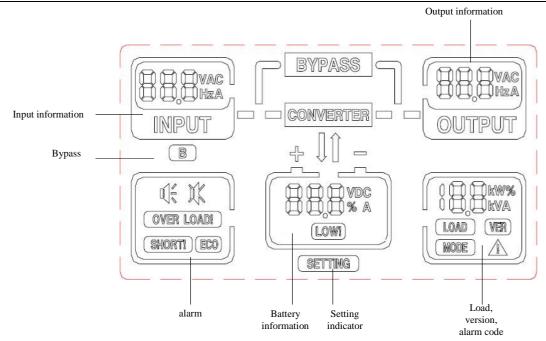


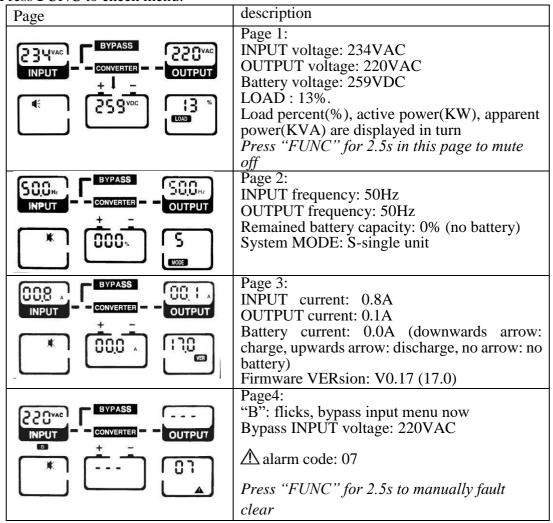
Fig.1-4 Home page

The description of LCD Menu is shown in Table 1-1

Table 1-1 Description of LCD Menu

Menu	Information
Input information	Main input: voltage VAC, current A, frequency Hz Bypass input(bypass "B" flicks): Voltage VAC, current A, frequency Hz
Battery information	Battery: voltage VDC, discharge/charger current A, remained capacity %, battery low alarm LOW!
Output information	Output information: Voltage, current, frequency
Alarm	:mute on/off OVER LOAD!: over load SHORT: output short ECO: working in ECO mode
Load/Version/Code	Load: active load KW, apparent load KVA, load percent % VER: firmware version MODE: system mode, S-single mode, P-parallel mode, E-ECO mode, A-self aging mode \(\bullet \): warning code, refer to "7. Trouble \(Shooting \)" to get detailed code list
Others B: bypass input menu SETTING: LCD is in setting mod BYPASS: bypass conversion	

Press **FUNC** to check menu:



Parameters setting

If want to set rated parameters, press ON/OFF and FUNC buttons together for 2.5s to enter in setting mode, "SETTING" on the bottom of LCD present and all LEDs flicks. Press the FUNC to change the parameters, and press the ON/OFF to

1.3 Inner structure

Structure consisting of follow parts: control PCB, power PCB, port PCB, charging PCB, bus capacitor PCB, battery fuse PCB and EMI PCB. The aux power is at the input PCB,. The inner structure is shown in Fig.1-5 and Fig.1-6.

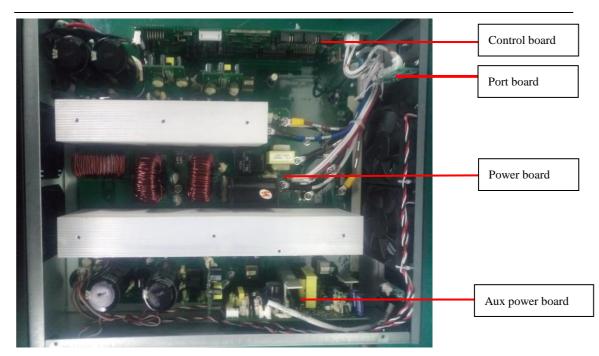


Fig.1-5 Inner structure (a)

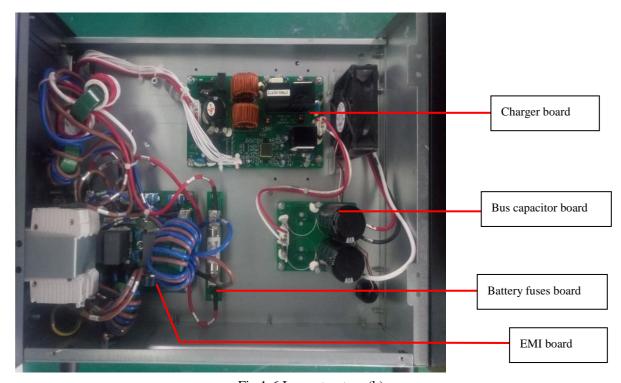


Fig.1-6 Inner structure (b)

2. Topology and System description

2.1 Topology

The topology is shown in Fig.2-1.

Fig.2-1 Shield 6KVA~10KVA Topology

2.2 System description

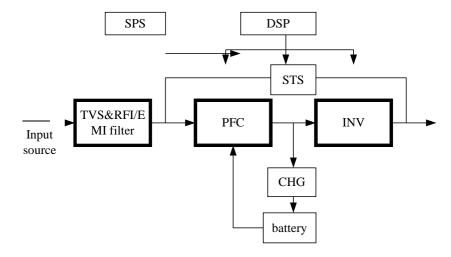


Fig 2-2 UPS system

(1) Transient Voltage Surge Suppression (TVSS) and EMI/FRI Filters

These UPS components provide surge protection and filter both electromagnetic interference (EMI) and radio frequency interference (RFI). They minimize any surge or interference present in the utility line and keep the sensitive equipment protected.

(2) Rectifier/Power Factor Correction (PFC) Circuit

In normal operation, the rectifier/power factor correction (PFC) circuit converts utility AC power to regulated DC power for use by the inverter while ensuring that the waveform of the input current used by the UPS is near ideal. Extracting this sinewave input current achieves two objects:

The utility power is used as efficiency as possible by the UPS.

The amount of distortion reflected on the utility is reduced.

This results in cleaner power being available to other devices in the building not being protected by the UPS.

(3) Inverter

In normal operation, the inverter utilize the DC output of the power factor correction circuit and inverters it into precise, regulated sine wave AC power. Upon a utility power failure, the inverter receives its required energy from the battery through the DC-to-DC converter. In both modes of operation, the UPS inverter is on-line and continuously generating clean, precise, regulated AC output power.

(4) Battery Charger

The battery charger utilizes energy from the DC bus and precisely regulates it to continuously charge the batteries. The batteries are being charged whenever the UPS is connected to utility power.

(5) DC-to-DC Converter

The DC-to-DC converter utilizes energy from the battery system and raises the DC voltage to the optimum operating voltage for the inverter. The converter includes boost circuit which is also used as PFC.

(6) Battery

The 6K/10K Standard include value-regulated, non-spillable, lead acid batteries inside. To maintain battery design life, operate the UPS in an ambient temperature of 15-25°C.

(7) Static Bypass

The UPS provides an alternate path for utility power to the connected load in the unlikely event of a UPS malfunction. Should the UPS have an overload, over temperature or any other failure condition, the UPS automatically transfers the connected load to bypass. Bypass operation is indicated by an audible alarm and illuminated amber Bypass LED. To manually transfer the connected load from the inverter to bypass, press the ON/OFF button once.

3. Trouble Shooting

This chapter describes checking the UPS's status. This section also indicates various UPS symptoms a user may encounter and provides a troubleshooting guide in the event the UPS develops a problem. Use the following information to determine whether external factors caused the problem and how to remedy the situation.

If UPS alarms and buzzer sound, please press "FUNC" to get alarm code on the menu of alarm code (page) on LCD. And press "FUNC" for 2.5s when at page 4 to manually fault clear. If alarm is still existent, please check the problem follow the Table 3-1:

Table 3-1 the alarm code

Code	Cause	Solution	
7	no battery	Check if the battery cables are connected	
		correctly	
		Check battery breaker or fuses are opened	
		Check if batteries are damaged	
8	Manual bypass	Manual bypass is closed, the UPS will	
	on	transfer to bypass and forbidden to transfer	
		back to inverter	
10	EPO	Check if EPO is closed correctly	
		Check if EPO is activated manually	
16	Utility	UPS mains input is abnormal.	
	abnormal	Check if mains input is normal	
		Check if mains input voltage and frequency is	
		over the working range	
		Check if mains input breaker or external input	
		breaker is opened	
		Check if the input phase sequence against	
		Please recover mains input power, otherwise	
		output will be shut-down if battery is	
		discharged to EOD	
20	Bypass	Check if bypass input power is abnormal	
	abnormal	Check if bypass input breaker is opened	
		Please recover bypass input power, otherwise	
		there will be no backup circuit when UPS is	
		faulty	
22	Bypass faulty	Bypass SCR is opened or shorted, please	
		contact with local dealer	
24	Bypass	Check the load and remove some non-critical	
	overload	load until the load is below 95%	
26	Bypass	Bypass overload and timeout, UPS will	

	1 1	1 . 1
	overload	shut-down output
	timeout	
28	Over	Bypass voltage or frequency is over tracking
	synchronization	range. There could be interruption if manually
		transfer to bypass or inverter is faulty
30	Over transfer	Mains and battery or inverter and bypass
	times	transfer for 5 times in 1hour
32	Output shorted	Load is abnormal or output breaker is shorted.
		Check if load is abnormal and the faulty load
		is shutdown
		Check if output breaker is faulty
		If the faulty load is removed, please manually
		fault clear to restart UPS.
47	Rectifier fault	DC bus over voltage, low voltage, shorted or
		IGBT opened. Please manually clear the fault
		and if the fault is still on, please contact with
		local dealer
49	Inverter fault	Inverter voltage is abnormal, or inverter IGBT
		opened. Please manually clear the fault and fi
		the fault is still on, please contact with local
		dealer
51	Rectifier over	Rectifier heat sink is over temperature or the
		temp sensor is not connected correctly.
Check		Check if fans are working normally
		Check if anything block ventilation
		Check if the sensor is connected correctly
		Check if the environmental temp is over the
		range of UPS
53	Fan fault	One or more fans are faulty or blocked
		Check if all fans working normally
		Check if something blocks fan
55	Overload	Inverter is overload. Please remove numbers
		of non-critical loads, or else UPS could
		transfer to bypass
57	Over load	UPS will transfer to bypass and if bypass
	timeout	overload, output could be shutdown caused by
		bypass overload timeout. Please remove
		numbers of loads and the UPS will transfer
		back to inverter
59	Inverter over	Inverter heat sink is over temperature or the
		temp sensor is not connected correctly.
	•	Check if fans are working normally
		Check if any thin block ventilation

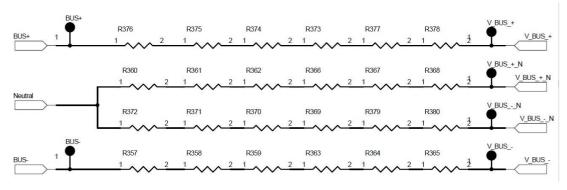
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
		Check if the sensor is connected correctly		
		Check if the environmental temp is over the		
		range of UPS		
63	Manual transfer	If bypass is over synchronization range,		
	to bypass	output could be interrupted if manually		
		transfer to bypass		
65	Battery low	Remained battery capacity is low when in		
		battery mode		
67	Battery	Check if battery cables are connected		
	reversed	correctly		
		Check if inverter cables of battery packs are		
		connected correctly		
69	Inverter protect	Inverter voltage abnormal or DC bus is over		
		voltage. UPS will fault clear automatically. If		
		not, please contact with local dealer		
78	Parallel cables	Check if all parallel communication cables		
	error	are connected correctly		
81	Charger fail	Charger is faulty or is not disconnected.		
		Please contact with local dealer		
119	Relay opened	Inverter relay is opened. Please contact with		
local dealer		local dealer		
121	Relay closed	Inverter relay is closed. Please contact with		
		local dealer		

4. Check the broken components

4.1 Rectifier failure

Model	Components	Serial number	Methods of detection
6K		Q1,Q2	Measure the resistor between pin3
		Q1,Q2	and pin1, if the value is between
	Rectifier	Q1,Q2	$20\sim70\Omega$ it's ok. And measure the
10K	SCR		resistor between pin2 and pin, not
TOIX		Q1,Q2	short circuit is normal, the value is
			usually several K Ω or M Ω .
			Using the diode measure function of
6K		Q5,Q6,Q7,Q8	multi-meter to measure the voltage
	Rectifier		between pin3 and pin2, if the voltage
	IGBT		is near 0.5V, it's ok. If shorted or
10K	IGD1	Q5,Q6,Q7,Q8	opened, it's broken. Check every
101			two pins, if shorted,
			it's broken.
6K		R335,R336,R327,R328	Check the resistor value, if in the
	IGBT driver		range of +-5% of rated value, it's ok.
10K	resistor	R335,R336,R327,R328	
CIT.		D3,D4,D5,D21,D22	Using the diode measure function of
6K	IGBT driver	,D23,D24,D30	multi-meter to measure the zener, if
10K	zener	D3,D4,D5,D21,D22	voltage is near 0.7V, it's
10K		,D23,D24,D30	ok. Or else, it's broken.
	PFC Diode	D1 D2	Using the diode measure function of
6K		D1,D2	multi-meter to measure the voltage
		D1,D2	between pin2 and pin1, if the
10K			voltage is near 0.7V, it's ok. If
			it's shorted or opened, it's broken

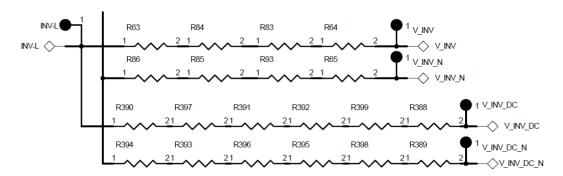
Check if the sampling resistors for bus voltages are OK The following figure shows the sampling resistors for bus voltages.



4.2 Inverter failure and inverter protection

Model	Components	Serial number	Methods of detection
6K	Inverter IGBT	Q58,Q67,Q66,Q71	Using the diode measure function of multi-meter to measure the voltage between
10K		Q67,Q66,Q58,Q60,Q61,Q59	pin3 and pin2, if the voltage is near 0.5V, it's ok. If shorted or opened, it's broken. Check every two pins, if shorted, it's broken.
6K	IGBT driver resistor	R329,R330,R331,R332	Check the resistor value, if in the range of +-5% of rated
10K		R329,R330,R331,R332	value, it's ok.
6K	IGBT driver zener	D8,D14,D15,D16, D17,D18,D19,D26	Using the diode measure function of multi-meter to
10K		D8,D14,D15,D16, D17,D18,D19,D26	measure the zener, if voltage is near 0.7V, it's ok. Or else, it's broken.

Check if the sampling resistors for bus voltages and inverter output are OK The following figure shows the sampling resistors for inverter output.



4.3 Bypass failure

Model	Components	Serial number	Methods of detection
6K	Bypass SCR	Q9,Q10	Measure the resistor between pin3 and pin1, if the value is between $20\sim70\Omega$ it's ok. And
10K		Q9,Q10	measure the resistor between pin2 and pin, not short circuit is normal, the value is usually several $K\Omega$ or $M\Omega$.

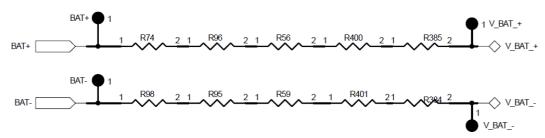
4.4 Charger failure and battery issues

Model	Components Serial number		Methods of detection
6K	Dattamy from	F1	Measure the resistor of fuse, if near 0Ω
10K	Battery fuse	F1	it's ok. If opened, it's broken.
6K	Battery SCR	Q3,Q4	Measure the resistor between pin3 and pin1, if the value is between $20 \sim 70\Omega$ it's
10K		Q3,Q4,Q71,Q72	ok. And measure the resistor between pin2 and pin, not short circuit is normal, the value is usually several $K\Omega$ or $M\Omega$.
6K	Charger IGBT	Q10,Q11	Using the diode measure function of multi- meter to measure the voltage between pin3
10K		Q10,Q11	and pin2, if the voltage is near 0.5V, it's ok. If shorted or opened, it's broken. Check every two pins, if shorted, it's broken.
6K		D9,D10,D67	Using the diode measure function of multi- meter to measure the voltage between pin2
10K	Diode	D9,D10,D67	and pin1, if the voltage is near 0.7V, it's ok. If it's shorted or opened, it's broken

Check if the sampling resistors for battery voltages are OK. The following figure shows the sampling resistors for battery voltages.



6K sampling resistors for battery voltages

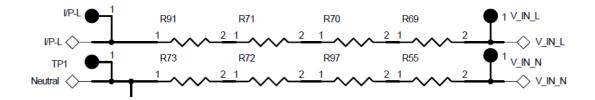


10K sampling resistors for battery voltages

4.5 Utility abnormal

Check if the sampling resistors for main input are OK.

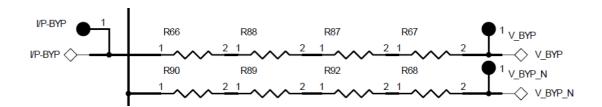
The following figure shows the sampling resistors for input sides.



4.6 Bypass voltage abnormal

Check if the sampling resistors for bypass are OK.

The following figure shows the sampling resistors for bypass.



4.7 Output overload or overload time out

Check if the sampling resistors for output are OK.

The following figure shows the sampling resistors for output.

